

Generator and Control Box





This booklet is intended primarily for the small service station owner and mechanic who, though not normally concerned with car "electrics," are nevertheless required at some time or other to diagnose and correct electrical faults.

We believe that this booklet will serve to show you a way in which some of the more common faults in the generator and regulator, on Lucas equipped cars and motor cycles, can be diagnosed and corrected—in many cases without having to remove the units from the vehicle. Quick diagnosis is ensured if the tests are carried out in the systematic manner outlined herein.

Remember, always commence the tests at the source of supply-The Generator (Part 1, Test 1).

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	. •			
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C39PV	C42	Compensated Voltage Control.	Current Voltage Control.	Current Voltage Control
C39Q	C45PV-5	Lucas Models: MCR1, MCR2,	Lucas Model: RB310	Lucas Model: RB340
C40A	C45PV-6	RF95, RF95/3, RF96, RF97,	3 Bobbin Type	3 Bobbin Type ,
C40/1	C45PVS-6	RB106/1, RB106/2, RB107 and RB108	with screw type electrical adjustment	with cam type elected adjustment
C40AL	C47			
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The following tests should be carried out with a good quality Moving Coil Voltmeter. The meter should have a full scale deflection of at least 20 volts, with divisions suitable for taking readings to within 0.5 of a volt. A meter of this standard will be suitable for both 6 and 12-volt LUCAS equipped cars, trucks, etc., and 6 volt systems on motor cycles.

ALWAYS CHECK BATTERY CONDITION BEFORE COMMENCING TESTS

PART 1

GENERATOR TESTS WITH THE MACHINE IN POSITION ON THE VEHICLE

Inspect generator mounting for tightness of bolts, etc.

inspect the fan belt for correct tension, adjust if necessary. If worn or frayed fit a new belt. Make sure drive pulleys are correctly aligned.

if the beit and generator mounting are satisfactory and pulleys correctly aligned then proceed to Test 1.

VOLTMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 1. Disconnect leads from generator. Connect one lead of voltmeter to D	A. 2-4 volts as generator is run up to charging speed (approx. 3,000 rev/min) (6 and 12 volt systems).	Armature and brush connections O.K. proceed to Test 2.
terminal and the other to a good ground. Start engine and raise speed until generator is running at approx. 3,000 rev/min. When vehicle has a positive ground	B. Zero volts.	Examine brushes and make sure they are free in their boxes making good contact on the commutator. If still no reading fault is in armature, which has to be replaced.
system positive meter lead must be grounded.	C. Rising volts with rising speed.	Internal short between D and F ter- minals, examine field colls and rectify as necessary or fit replacement.

VOLTMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 2. Connect meter as in Test 1.	A. Rising volts with rising speed—full scale reading at fast tick-over.	Generator in order, proceed to Test 3.
Link terminals D and F on generator. Gradually speed up engine to fast "tick-over" speed. If an ammeter	B. 2-4 volts as engine is revved up (6 and 12 volt systems).	Open circuit in field coils, rectify as necessary or fit replacement.
is used to link D and F, reading should not be more than* 2 amps, when normal voltage of system is registered on voltmeter. *2.5 for C42 with 4½ ohm field.	C. Zero volts.	Grounded field coils or field connection, rectify as necessary or fit replacement.
TEST 3. Reconnect leads of generator. Remove leads from D and F terminals at the control box. Connect one side of voltmeter to end of D lead, the other to a good ground, speed generator up to approx. 3,000 rev/min.	A. 2-4 volts (6 and 12 volt systems).	D lead from generator to control box is in order. Proceed to Test 4.
	B. Zero volts.	Rewire D lead which is open-circuited, or earthed.
	C. Rising volts with rising speed.	Locate short between D and F cables.
TEST 4. Leave voltmeter connected as in Test 3. Join D and F wires together. Gradually speed up engine to fast "tick-over" speed.	A. Rising volts with rising speed.	Cables from generator to control box are in order. Proceed to Test 5 in part 2, 3, or 4 whichever is applicable.
	B. Zero volts.	Earthed F lead.
	C. 2-4 volts (6 and 12 volt systems).	Open circuit in field lead between generator and control box.

MODEL LRT9 REGULATOR — SINGLE CONTACT 2 BOBBIN TYPE (Used with RF95, 96, RB106/1, MCR2, etc.)

COMPENSATED VOLTAGE CONTROL TESTS WITH UNIT IN POSITION

On no account must these tests be made with the battery in circuit.

To isolate the battery from the generator put a piece of dry card between the cut-out points. Remember the output of the generator, that is the current in amps. flowing from the generator to the battery is dependent on the state of charge of the battery. The generator will give a high output when the battery is in a low state of charge and a low output when the battery is fully charged. Regulators must therefore always be set on open-circuit, a condition which is most easily obtained by inserting the piece of dry card as described above, alternatively, withdraw cables from 'A' and A1 terminals and join together temporarily.

VOLTMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 5. Reconnect generator leads to control box terminals D and F.	A. Battery voltage.	Regulator ground connection in good order. Proceed to Test 6.
Connect one lead of voltmeter to terminal A, the other to terminal E on the control box. Engine stationary.	B. Less than battery voltage, or zero reading.	Rectify bad ground or broken ground wire between terminal E and chassis.

VOLTMETER CONNECTION		READING	ACTION
TEST 6. Proceed to check regulator setting. Remove control box cover. Isolate the battery by placing a piece of dry card between cut-out contacts, alternatively, remove 'A' and A1 cables from terminals and join together temporarily.	Α.	With generator running at approx. 3,000 rev/min voltage should remain constant within the following limits: Ambient Temp. 6 volt Equip. 12 volt Equip. 10°C 50°F 20°C 68°F 8.0—8.5 16.0—16.5 30°C 86°F 40°C 104°F 8.0 15.5—16.0	Regulator in order. Proceed to Test 7.
Connect one lead of voltmeter to terminal D (or frame of regulator) and the other lead to a good ground.	В.	Voltage remains constant, but outside the given limits.	Adjust regulator by turning the adjust- ing screw clockwise to increase or counter-clockwise to lower the set- ting. Check setting by raising speed from zero.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	c.	Rising volts with rising engine speed up to 3,000 rev/min and beyond.	Check 'D' and 'F' leads for short-circuit, if O.K. suspect broken shunt winding in regulator bobbin. The ground lead from control box terminal E is common to both shunt windings (regulator and cut-out). Hold a screwdriver near top of the bobbins and test for magnetic pull, if there is pull on the one bobbin core and not on the other suspect open circuit on the latter. If no pull on either check for open circuited ground lead. Replace defective regulator.

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VOLTMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 6 (continued). ARMATURE FIXING SCREWS REGULATOR FRAME O.020" ARMATURE O.012"-0.020"	D. Reading approx. half setting.	Suspect regulator contacts not passing current causing the contacts resistor to be in circuit the whole time. To test, bridge the contacts with screwdriver. This closes the circuit between D and F and we should get rising volts with rising speed, thus proving the contacts are burnt or corroded.
FIXED CONTACT BRACKET O.006"-O.017" WITH ARMATURE PRESSED TO CORE Diagram 1.	E. Voltage does not rise with engine speed, or is erratic.	Check air-gap Settings Types MCR1, MCR2, RF95, 96, 97, RB106/1. Insert a 0.020" feeler gauge between the crank of the armature and the L-shaped frame, and 0.012–0.020" gauge between the top of the core and the underside of the brass shim on the armature. Loosen the screws holding the regulator armature to the top of the L-shaped frame. Press downwards and backwards. Tighten the screws and check that clearances are as shown in diagram 1.

VOLTMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
ARMATURE ASSEMBLY SECURING SCREWS TENSION SPRING (& BI-METAL) VOLTACE ADJUSTMENT SCREW & LOCKING NUT	ALTERNATIVE COPPER SEPARATION ON BOBSIN CORE DISC TWO WIRES SQUARE TYPE OF SEPARATION SIZE OISC OR TWO WIRES 0.015 SQUARE 0.021 FACE AND COPPER SEPARATION SEPARATION	Types RF95/3, RB106/2, RB107 and RB108. Slacken the fixed contact screw and unlock armature securing screws. Insert appropriate feeler gauge between armature and core face. Press armature down squarely against the gauge and re-tighten securing screws. With gauge in position, screw the fixed contact down until it just touches the moving contact and tighten lock nut, see diagram 2. Reset the voltage adjusting screw as described under 6B.
TEST 7. Remove card from between cut-out contacts. Connect voltmeter to terminal A on control box and a good ground. Engine stationary.	Battery voltage.	Proving that circuit from battery through ammeter to A terminal is O.K. Proceed to Test 8.
TEST 8. Leaving voltmeter connected as for Test 7. Start engine and watch voltmeter.	A. As cut-out closes the reading should increase 0-5 to 1 volt above battery voltage, and increase to the regulator setting in Test 6.	Cut-out is in order. Proceed to Test 9.
<u> </u>	B. No voltage or very low voltage is recorded when cut-out points close.	Clean and adjust cut-out contacts so that they meet correctly.

VOLTMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 9. Connect one lead of voltmeter to D terminal of regulator or to the regulator frame itself. Other voltmeter lead to a good ground.	A. Cut-out points close when voltage is within the following limits: 6 volt 6.3-6.7 12.7-13.3	Cut-out is in good order.
	B. Cut-out points close outside above limits.	Adjust by turning adjusting screw in to increase or out to decrease the setting. Re-test with voltage rising from zero.
	C. Cut-out does not close.	Fit replacement unit.

THE FUNCTION OF THE FUSES IN THE AUXILIARY CIRCUITS IN 12 VOLT SYSTEMS

Two fuses are incorporated in RF95 control boxes. The main feed is via the ammeter to the A terminal of the control box, then through the series winding in the box to A1 terminal. Terminal A1 is also the feed to the ignition switch and from there to A3 via internal connections in the control box through the fuse to A4 terminal. Any accessories connected to A2 will work irrespective of the ignition switch position. Accessories connected to A4 will operate only when the ignition is switched on.

The system is similar on RF96, RB106 and RB106/2 control boxes, but the fuses are mounted on a separate base.

PART 3

MODEL RB310 REGULATOR -- SINGLE CONTACT 3 BOBBIN TYPE CURRENT VOLTAGE CONTROL REGULATOR TESTS WITH UNIT IN POSITION

Instruments required: Moving coil Ammeter 0-40 amperes.

Moving coil Voltmeter 0-20 volts.

The Current Regulator is adjusted, before leaving the factory, to suit the rated output of the generator which it is to control. It is important therefore, that the Model of the generator is carefully noted before commencing the tests. This is stamped on the yoke of the generator.

Temperature Correction Factor

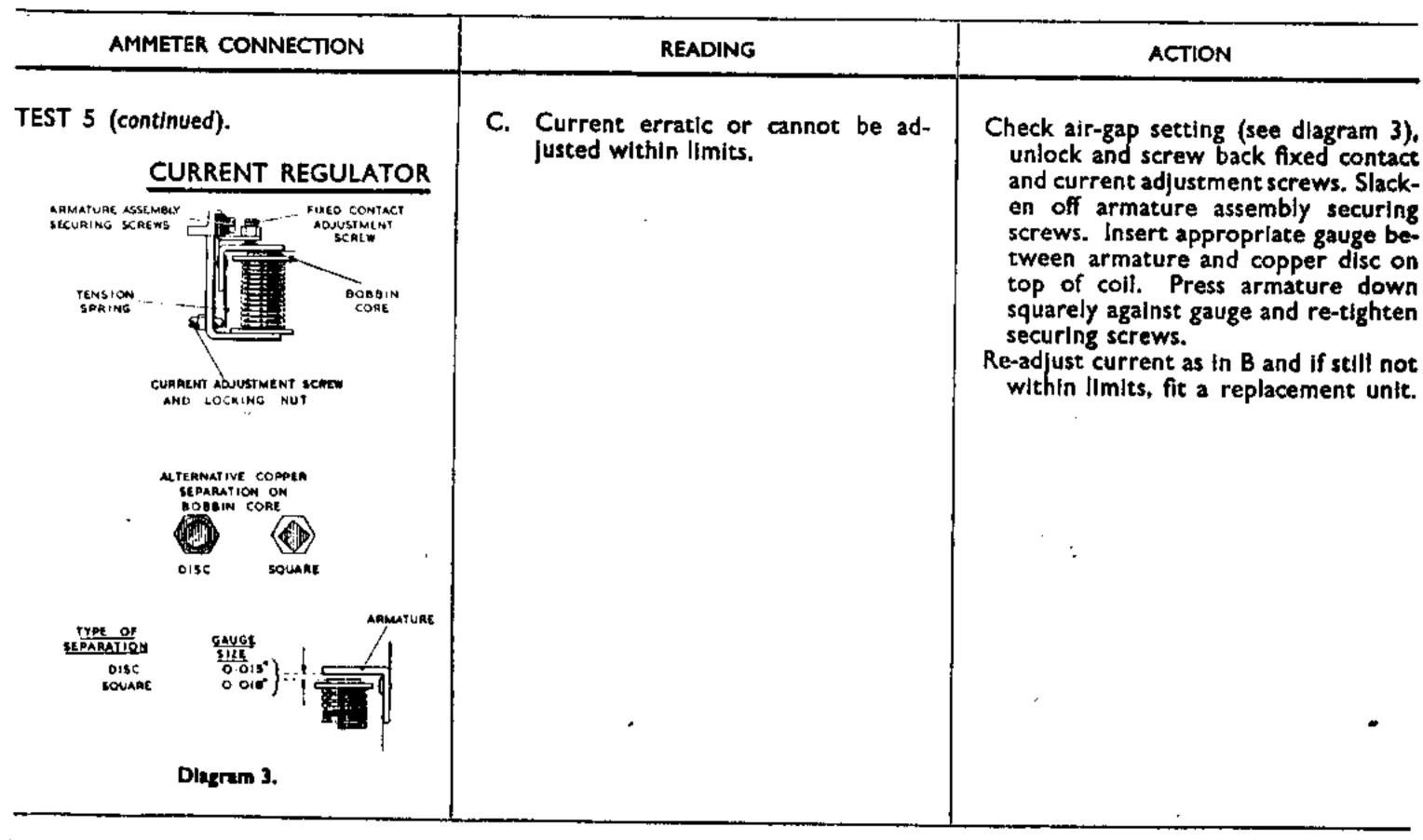
Corrections to be made to the open-circuit voltage limits when checking or adjusting settings at temperatures other than 20°C (68°F) are as follows:---

For every 10°C (18°F) above 20°C., subtract
0.1 volt from the 6-volt limits
0.2 volt from the 12-volt limits

Conversely, the same corrections must be added for every 10°C below 20°C.

For generator tests, repeat Tests 1 - 4, of Part 1, then proceed to Test 5, on page 11.

AMMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 5: Current Regulator.	A. With generator at full charging speed, approx.* 4,500 rev/min, the	Current regulator is in order. Proceed to Test 6.
Reconnect 'D' and F leads to generator terminals.	current reading is within the follow- ing limits: *4,000 rev/min for C48. For generator Models:	
Remove control box cover.	C40/1 12V:20 amps. ± 1 amp. (with $4\frac{1}{2}$ " fan).	
Short circuit voltage regulator contacts with a crocodile clip connected	C40/1 12V:22 amps. ±1 amp. (with 5" fan).	
across contact plate and frame of regulator.	C42 (Easidrive) 12V:35 amps. + 1/2 amp.	
Disconnect lead from terminal B (Bat- tery) and connect this lead to nega- tive ammeter lead.	C40AL 12V:11 amps.±1 amp. C40L 12V:25 amps.±1½ amps. C40LQ 12V:25 amps.±1½ amps. C42 12V:30 amps.±½ amp. C45PV-5 6V:33 amps.±1½ amps.	
Connect positive ammeter lead to terminal B.	C45PV-5 12V:22 amps. ± 1 amp. C45PV-6 12V:25 amps. ±1 amp. C45PVS-6 12V:25 amps. ±1 amp.	
To load the generator switch on head- lights, etc. and start engine.	C39Q 12V:19 amps. ±1 amp. C39PV-2 12V:19 amps. ±1 amp. C47 12V:30 amps. ±1 amps. C48 12V:35 amps. ±1 amps. (Do not switch lights on after starting engine otherwise the bulbs may	
	burn out.)	Adjust regulator by turning the adjust- ing screw clockwise to increase or
	B. Current remains constant but not within limits.	anti-clockwise to reduce the charging rate.



VOLTMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 6: Voltage Regulator. Remove test ammeter and leave the B (Battery) lead disconnected. Also remove clip across contact plate. Connect voltmeter between D terminal and ground. VOLTAGE REGULATOR ARMATURE ASSEMBLY (REAR VIEW) ALTERNATIVE COPPER SEPARATION ON BOBBIN CORE	A. Voltage rises steadily with generator running at about* 3,000 rev/min. Voltage should remain steady within the following limits: Ambient Temp. 6 volt C/Box 12 volt C/Box 10°C 50°F 20°C 68°F 8.0–8.5 15.0–15.5 30°C 86°F 7.5–8.0 14.5–15.0 With increased speed, voltage does not increase more than 1–14 volts. *1,500 rev/min for C47 and C48.	Regulator in order. Proceed to Test 7.
BI- METAL BAIGHT UNPLATED (A) OR COPPER PLATED (B)	B. Voltage remains constant but outside the given limits.	Adjust regulator by turning the adjust- ing screw clockwise to increase and anti-clockwise to decrease the setting.
TYPE OF BI-SHETAL A+D	C. Voltage does not rise with engine speed or is erratic.	Check air-gap and adjust in similar manner to Test 5 (C) (see diagram 4). Re-adjust voltage as in B above and if still not within limits, fit replacement unit.

VOLTMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 6 (continued). BOBBIN CORE ARMATURE ASSEMBLY SECURING SCREWS TENSION SPRING VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENT SCREW AND LOCKING NUT	D. Rising volts with rising engine, speed up to 3,000 rev/min and beyond.	Check 'D' and 'F' leads for short-circult, if O.K. suspect broken shund winding in regulator bobbin. Shund windings on both voltage regulator and cut-out bobbins are to common earth. Hold a screwdriver near top of voltage and cut-out bobbins and test for magnetic pull. If no pull check for open circuited ground lead or shunt winding. If defective fit replacement regulators.
TEST 7. Re-connect B lead to regulator. Connect voltmeter to B terminal and to a good ground. Engine stationary.	Battery Voltage.	Circult from battery to regulator in order. Proceed to Test 8.

, VOLTMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 8. Leaving voltmeter connected as for Test 7, start engine and slowly increase speed and watch voltmeter.	A. As cut-out closes, reading increases to 0.5 to 1.0 volts above battery voltage and increases as speed is increased to the regulator setting voltage in Test 6.	Cut-out is in order. Proceed to Test 9.
	B. No voltage or very low voltage is recorded when cut-out points close.	Clean and adjust cut-out contacts so that they meet correctly. With 0.010" gauge between armature and bobbin core face contacts should be just touching.
TEST 9. Connect one lead of voltmeter to D terminal of regulator and other voltmeter lead to a good ground.	A. Cut-out points close when voltage is within the following limits: 6 volt 6.3-6.7 12.7-13.3	Cut-out in good order and correctly set Proceed to FINAL CHECK.
	B. Cut-out points close outside above limits.	Adjust by turning adjustment screw in to increase or out to decrease setting.
	C. Cut-out does not close.	Fit replacement unit.

READING	ACTION
As speed increases cut-out closes between 12·7–13·3 volts and charging rate builds up with increasing speed. Ammeter reading equals maximum rated output of the generator.	
	As speed increases cut-out closes between 12-7-13-3 volts and charging rate builds up with increasing speed.

METRIC EQUIVALENTS

$\frac{3}{32}$ dia. = 2.38 mm.	0·005" == 0·127 mm.	0.030" === 0.76 mm.
	$0.006^* = 0.152 \text{ mm}.$	0·032" == 0·81 mm.
	0·010" == 0·25 mm.	$0.045^* = 1.04 \text{ mm}.$
	0·015" 👄 0·396 mm.	0·049" == 1·24 mm.
	0.020'' = 0.51 mm.	0·150" == 3·8 mm.
🏂" dia. 🚃 1-98 mm.	$0.025'' \implies 0.635 \text{ mm}.$	•

MODEL RB340 REGULATOR — SINGLE CONTACT 3 BOBBIN TYPE CURRENT VOLTAGE CONTROL REGULATOR TESTS WITH UNIT IN POSITION

Instruments required: Moving Coil Ammeter 0 - 40 amperes

Moving Coil Voltmeter 0 - 20 volts

Special Tool Part No. 543 817 42

Except for adjustment of the cut-out relay drop-off voltage, which is effected by bending the fixed contact bracket, electrical settings are made by turning toothed adjustment cams carried on the front limb of each magnet frame. A special tool is available for this purpose. Back air gaps are fixed and non-adjustable and the only mechanical settings that may be required comprise simple adjustments to the armature-to-bobbin core air gaps.

The Current regulator is adjusted, before leaving the factory, to suit the rated output of the generator which it is to control. The nominal setting is rubber-stamped either on the underside of the 'B-B' terminal plate or on the cover. In addition a list of Lucas generators together with their rated output is given in the appropriate section of this booklet. The model of the generator, which is stamped on the yoke of the machine can be noted before commencing the tests.

Temperature Correction Factor

Corrections to be made to the open-circuit voltage limits when checking or adjusting settings at temperatures other than 20°C (68°F) are as follows:—

For every 10°C (18°F) above 20°C subtract 0·2 volt from the 12-volt limits.

Conversely, the same corrections must be added for every 10°C below 20°C.

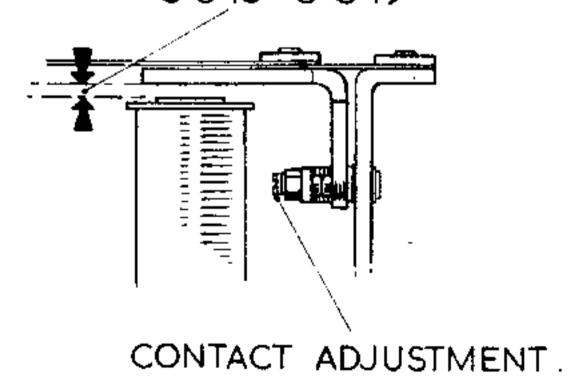
For generator tests, repeat Tests 1 -- 4, of Part 1, then proceed to Test 5, on page 18.

AMMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 5: Current Regulator. Reconnect leads to D and F on generator. Remove control box cover. Short out voltage regulator contacts with a buildog clip. Using a suitable 'jumper lead' connect the leads to the load side of 0 - 40 ammeter. Connect other lead of ammeter to one of control box terminal blades B-B. Note: It is important to ensure that terminal B-B carries only this one connection. All other load connections (including the ignition coil feed) must be made to the battery side of the ammeter. Switch on lights to ensure generator develops its rated output. Start engine and run generator at 4,500 rev/min (4,000 rev/min for C48).	A. Ammeter pointer should be steady and indicate a current equal to maximum rated output of generator: C40/1 12V:20 amps. ±1 amp. (with 4½" dia. fan) C40/1 12V:22 amps. ±1 amp. (with 5" dia. fan) C45PV-5 12V:22 amps. ±1 amp. C45PV-6 12V:25 amps. ±1 amp. C45PVS-6 12V:25 amps. ±1 amp. C47 12V:30 amps. ±1½ amps. C47 12V:30 amps. ±1½ amps. C48 12V:35 amps. ±1½ amps. C40AL 12V:11 amps. ±1 amp. C40L 12V:25 amps. ±1 amp. C40LQ 12V:25 amps. ±1 amp. C40LQ 12V:25 amps. ±1 amp. C42 12V:30 amps. ±1½ amps. C42 (Easidrive) 12V:35 amps. ±1½ amps.	Current regulator is in order, proceed to Test 6. BULLDOG CLIP 80 SHORT CIRCUITING VR CONTACTS. Turn the current adjustment cam until correct setting is obtained — turning the tool clockwise to raise the setting or anti-clockwise to lower it.

AMMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 5 (continued).	C. An unsteady reading, i.e. pointer is fluctuating more than \pm 1 amp.	Check for dirty contacts, or foreign matter in air gaps.
· (CURRENT REGULATOR ADJUSTMENT)	If in order, check air gap setting between armature and bobbin core as follows :—
ADJUSTMENT	"B" "F" "WL" "D"	Turn the adjustment cam to the point giving minimum lift to the armature tensioning spring, by turning the tool to the fullest extent anti-clockwise.
	"E"	Slacken the adjustable contact locking nut and screw back the adjustable contact.
SETTING TOOL		Insert a flat steel feeler gauge of 0.045" (1.04 mm.) thickness between the armature and the copper separation on the core face. The gauge should be inserted as far back as the two rivet heads on the underside of the armature.
	V.R. CONTACTS	Retaining the gauge in position and pressing squarely down on the armature, screw in the adjustable contact until it just touches the armature contact.
CUT-OUT	RELAY	Re-tighten the locking nut and withdraw the gauge.
CURRENT	REGULATOR /	Carry out the electrical setting procedure.
VOLTAGE	REGULATOR	If still not within limits fit a replacement unit.

VOLTMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 6: Voltage Regulator. Remove test ammeter, and leave B-B leads disconnected. Note: It will be necessary to join the ignition and battery feeds together with a suitable 'jumper lead', to enable the engine to be run. Also remove buildog clip from across contacts.	A. Voltmeter reading should be steady and lie between the appropriate limits: Ambient Temp. Setting 10°C (50°F) 14.9 – 15.5 volts 20°C (68°F) 14.7 – 15.3 volts 30°C (86°F) 14.5 – 15.1 volts 40°C (104°F) 14.3 – 14.9 volts	Voltage regulator is in order. Proceeto Test 7.
Connect voltmeter between D terminal and ground (earth). Note: A convenient method is to withdraw the ignition warning light feed from control box terminal WL and to clip voltmeter lead of appropriate polarity to the small terminal	ARMATURE TO BOOM	BBIN CORE GAP

blade then exposed, this terminal being electrically common with terminal D. Start the engine and run the generator at 1,500 rev/min for C48, 4,500 rev/ min for C42, 3,000 rev/min all others.



VOLTMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 6 (continued).	B. Voltage reading remains constant but outside appropriate limits.	Adjust regulator by rotating the adjust- ment cam. Turn the tool clockwise to raise the setting or anti-clockwise to lower it.
	MESISTOR	Check D and F leads for short-circuit, if O.K. suspect broken shunt winding in regulator bobbin. Shunt windings on both voltage regulator and cut-out bobbins are to common earth. Hold a screwdriver near top of voltage and cut-out bobbins and test for magnetic pull. If no pull check for open circuited ground lead or shunt winding. If defective fit replacement regulator.
GENERATOR CUT-OUT CURRENT RECAT REGULATOR NOTE: LINTIL EARLY IN 1962, THE VR. & CR. MAGNET FRAMES WERE LINKED BY A WINDINGS, TO TERMINAL D.	D. Voltmeter reading fluctuates, l.e., pointer fluctuating more than 0-3-volt.	Check for dirty contacts, or foreign matter in gaps. If in order check air gap between armature and bobbin core face, as follows: Turn the adjustment cam to the point giving minimum lift to the armature tensioning spring, by turning the tool to the fullest extent anti-clockwise. Stacken the adjustable contact locking nut and screw back the adjustable contact. Insert a flat steel feeler gauge of 0.045" (1.04 mm.) thickness between the armature and the copper separation on the core face. The gauge should be inserted as far back as the two rivet heads on the underside of the armature. (continued)

(continued)

armature.

VOLTMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 6 (continued)	D. (continued)	Retaining the gauge in position and pressing squarely down on the armature, screw in the adjustable contact until it just touches the armature contact. Retighten the locking nut and withdraw the gauge. Carry out the electrical setting procedure. If still not within limits fit a replacement unit.
TEST 7. With engine stationary. Reconnect leads to B-B terminal on control box. Connect voltmeter between B-B terminal and ground.	Battery voltage.	Circuit from battery to regulator is in order. Proceed to Test 8.
TEST 8. Leave voltmeter connected as for Test 7. Start engine, and slowly increase speed, closely watching voltmeter dial.	A. As cut-out closes, reading rises to 0.5 to 1.0 volts above battery voltage, and continues to rise as engine speed is steadily increased, until regulator setting voltage, as given in Test 6, is reached.	Cut-out is in order. Proceed to Test 9.
	B. No voltage or very low voltage is registered when cut-out contacts close.	Check for dirty or burned contacts. Check for contact alignment. Check that they meet correctly when armature is pressed down, the moving contact blade should have a deflection of 0.010" – 0.020". Armature back stop to core air gap should be between 0.035" – 0.045".

VOLTMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 9: Cut-in Voltage. Connect voltmeter between D on control box and ground. Switch on headlamps. Start engine and slowly increase its speed. Observe the voltmeter pointer.	A. Voltage reading rises steadily and then drops slightly at the Instant the contacts close. The cut-in voltage is that which is Indicated immediately before the pointer drops back. It should occur between the following limits:— 12.6 – 13.4 volts.	Cut-out is in order. Proceed to Fina Check, Test 10.
CUT-OUT	B. Cut-out contacts close outside limits.	Adjust cut-out by rotating the adjust- ment cam, turn the tool clockwise to raise the setting or anti-clockwise to lower it. Again check cut-in voltage. Repeat procedure until correct setting obtained.
ARMATURE TO BOBBIN CORE GAP (O.O35'- O.O45")	C. Cut-out contacts will not close.	Fit a replacement unit.

VOLTMETER CONNECTION	READING	ACTION
TEST 10: Drop off voltage. Withdraw leads control box B-B terminals. Connect voltmeter between B-B terminals and ground.	A. Opening of contacts, indicated by the voltmeter pointer dropping to zero, this should occur between the following limits: 9-3 - 11-2 volts	Control box in order.
MOVING CONTACT BLADE	B. Drop-off occurs outside limits. OR BRONZE SPRING ARMATURE CONTROL SPRING BI-METAL BACKING SPRING ARMATURE TO-BOBBIN CORE GAP (0-035-0-045') ARMATURE BACK STOP BRACKET	Adjust Drop-off volts as follows: Stop engine, and adjust the drop-off voltage by carefully bending the fixed contact bracket. Reducing the contact gap will raise the drop-off voltage; increasing the gap will lower the drop-off voltage. Re-test and, if necessary, readjust until the correct drop-off setting is obtained. Note: When drop-off voltage is correct the moving contact blade should have a 'follow through' or blade deflection of 0.010" – 0.020". The armature back stop, when free, should give a core gap of 0.035" – 0.045", adjust by bending stop with a suitable tool.

DATA (12-volt units) RB340 DESIGN

 Contacts	Resistor:	

RESISTOR VALUES

As fitted to units controlling 12-volt generators having 44 ohm field windings:

As fitted to units controlling 12-volt generators having 6 ohm field windings:

Identification Resistance in Ohms Colour 37 - 43Yellow

Red

55 -- 65

Swamp Resistor: (12-volt Units) Measured on unit between centre tag and base:

Resistance in RESISTANCE OF SHUNT WINDINGS at 20°C (68°F)

Voltage Regulator: 10-8-12-0 ohms

13-25 - 14-25 Cut-out : 8.8 - 9.6 ohms

Replacement resistor measured between end tags before fitting to unit:

53 - 57

Ohms

ADJUSTMENT CAMS

Torque to

turn cams: 2-4 lb. in. (0.023 - 0.046 kg m.)

(III) Field Parallel Resistance: As fitted to units controlling model C48 generator:

37 -- 43 AIR GAPS

Armature back gaps (nonadjustable):

0.030" ~ 0.035" (0.76 - 0.9 mm.)

Armature-to-bobbin core. VR and CR:

0.045'' - 0.049''(1.04 - 1.24 mm.)

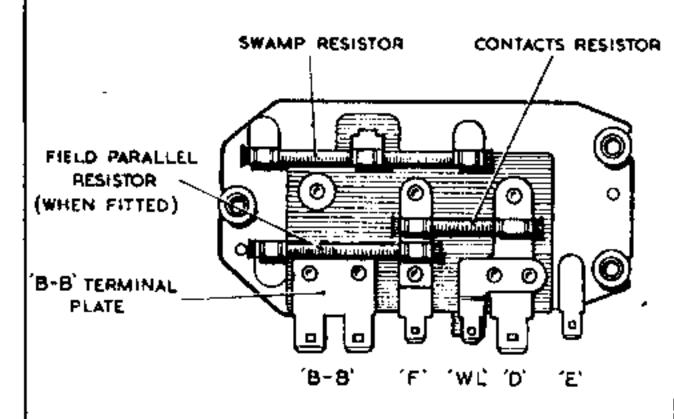
Length

Armature-to-bobbin core, Cut-out relay:

0.035" - 0.045"(0.9 - 1.04 mm.)

'Follow-through' or blade deflection of cut-out relay moving contact:

0.010'' - 0.020''(0.25 - 0.51 mm.)



CONTACT REPLACEMENT SETS

Contact replacement sets are supplied sofely for use overseas, where special service problems are encountered. The fitting of these sets involves the replacement of existing rivets with screws. The Part Numbers of the sets are 543 820 77—8 and 9 for the Cut-out Relay, Voltage and Current Regulators, respectively. Each set comprises an Armature Assembly, Clamp Plate, Fixed Contact Screw and Nut (or, for cut-out relays, a 'B-B' Terminal Plate Assembly), and two 5 BA screws with associated spring washers and lock nuts (two extra screws, spring washers and lock nuts being provided for the cut-out relay to secure the above terminal plate assembly).

IDENTIFICATION OF ARMATURE ASSEMBLIES

(i) Cut-out relay armature :

Moving contact carried on phosphor bronze blade.

Phosphor bronze hinge spring unpierced. Blued steel control spring backed with bi-metal spring (high expansion side lower-most).

(ii) Voltage regulator armature :

Bi-metal hinge spring pierced with central 0.150" (3.8 mm.) hole. (High expansion side of bi-metal uppermost).

(iii) Current regulator armature :

Blued steel hinge spring, unplerced.

FITTING ARMATURE ASSEMBLIES

(i) Carefully remove existing rivets, using a file, centre-punch, twist drill (33 dlameter; 2.38 mm.), and a parallel-sided punch (33 diameter; 1.98 mm.), in that order.

- (ii) Discard original armature, clamp plate, and fixed contact screw and nut, or, when replacing a cut-out relay armature, the 'B-B' terminal plate.
- (iii) Loosely assemble replacement parts to magnet frame, noting that the armature hinge spring has open-ended slotted fixing holes to facilitate fitting under the clamp plate. Do not insert the fixed contact screw of the VR or CR more than 1½ to 2 turns at this stage.
- (iv) When applicable, fit and tighten replacement 'B-B' terminal plate, inserting the securing screws from the supper side of the control box base plate.
- (v) Insert a 0.032" (0.81 mm.) feeler gauge approximately half-way up the back air gap.
- (vi) Insert a 0.045" (1.04 mm.) feeler gauge in the armature-to-bobbin core gap as far back as the two tension spring rivets.
- (vii) Press the armature squarely down towards the bobbin core and back towards the magnet frame, firmly trapping both gauges.
- (viii) Tighten the armature assembly securing screws.
- (ix) Withdraw gauges and carry out mechanical and electrical adjustments.

ADJUSTMENT SEQUENCE

After fitting a replacement contact set (or sets), the regulator or cut-out relay concerned must be adjusted both mechanically and electrically. The order of electrical settings (when all three armatures have been replaced) being, first, the voltage regulator, secondly the cut-out relay and, thirdly, the current regulator.

RB340 - SUPPLEMENT TO PART A

PUBLICATION 1448 Ex. 5th Edition, 1963 (Generator and Control Box Tests)

Recent design modifications made to RB340 control boxes, affects the servicing data given in the above publication. The revised details are as follows: —

REVISED VR AND CR GAP SETTINGS FOR LATER UNITS. The use of non-magnetic material in the top gap of voltage and current regulators has now been discontinued, this took effect in December, 1963. Therefore, when setting the air gaps of later units, a thicker gauge must be used to allow for the space formerly occupied by conner; the total gap measurement being unchanged.

occupied by copper; the total gap measurement being unchanged. To do this, the gauge thickness of 0.045" (1.14 mm.) previously given must be increased by 0.007", to 0.052" (1.32 mm.).

The top gap of the cut-out relay remains unchanged.

Identification of Modified Units

Whether or not a unit is fitted with copper shims can be ascertained either by inspection or by reference to the Part No. suffix letter. The letter at which the modification was introduced is given below for all units at present in production or specified. Future units (identifiable) by having numerically later Part Nos. than those listed) will incorporate the modification from suffix letter "A".

Control Box Part Numbers with Suffix Letters Denoting Deletion of Copper Shims from VR and CR Bobbin Cores

37330 E	37353 — D	37378 — B
37331 — E	37354 — D	37387 - B
37342 — E	37362 D	37391 B
37344 — E	37363 D	37392 D
37347 — E	37374 B	37419 — B

Since this publication was published, certain other modifications have been introduced, as follows:

CONTACTS RESISTOR

The contacts resistor used in units controlling generator model C48 has been increased in value from 40 ohms to 80 ohms and is identifiable by a dab of orange paint.

FIELD PARALLEL RESISTOR

The field parallel resistor in the above units has been increased in value from 40 ohms to 100 ohms and this, also, is identifiable by the colour orange.

BACK GAP

The measurement limits for the narrowest part of the (non-adjustable) back gaps have been increased from 0.030" — 0.035" (0.76 — 0.89 mm.) to 0.030" — 0.040" (0.76 — 1.02 mm.).

CUT-OUT RELAY "FOLLOW THROUGH"

The "follow through" limits of the cut-out relay moving contact have been modified from 0.010'' - 0.020'' (0.25 - 0.51 mm.) to 0.010'' - 0.035'' (0.25 - 0.89 mm.).

The final "follow through" measurement of the moving contact blade may only be obtained when setting the drop-off voltage. An approximate first setting is obtained by inserting a 0.015" (0.38 mm.) thick flat steel feeler gauge between the armature and the copper shim on the bobbin core, and then adjusting the fixed contact bracket until the two contacts just touch.

Note: Certain models of the C42 range of generators now incorporate a new field winding having an ohmic value of 5.25 ohms (previously 4.5 ohms). Suffix letter changes have been made to the machines concerned, which will assist in identification. They are as follows:— 22900 — E, 22901 — E, 22902 — E, 22903 — B, 22904 — D, 22906 — B.

The new field value should be noted when carrying out TEST 2 on page 4, as the ammeter will register a value less than that for 4.5 ohm field generators.